The purpose of this document is to establish guidelines necessary to comply with the Office of Management and Budget’s Circular A-21, “Cost Principles for Educational Institutions” and the cost accounting standards included therein. These regulations define which costs are allowable on federally funded grants, contracts, and other agreements (collectively referred to as restricted funds or sponsored agreements). This guideline is applicable to all sponsored agreements at NMIMT.

This document is continually being updated; we would appreciate any information and/or insight that would help us develop stronger policies for NMIMT’s research community.
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I. Introduction

The Office of Management and Budget’s (OMB) Circular A-21 provides cost accounting principles to create mutual understanding between representatives of universities and the federal government as to how much and under what conditions the federal government will participate in cost recovery for the university’s infrastructure (facilities and administration) costs in relation to sponsored projects.

The space survey is the most critical part of the facilities and administrative (F&A) costs proposal (note that F&A costs are also referred to as “indirect costs”). The results of the survey determine how most of the facility costs (depreciation, interest, and operations and maintenance expenses) in the F&A cost proposal will be allocated to institute-organized research and other sponsored activities. Because space substantially impacts the F&A rate, it is essential to accurately determine and assign the utilization of each room to the correct cost categories.

A. What is the Space Utilization Survey and Cost Category Coding?

The space survey gathers data about the specific uses of campus space. The process involves defining campus space according to functional use through the allocation of cost category codes. The two-letter cost category codes used for describing the space utilization are based on guidance from OMB Circular A-21 and are defined in NMIMT’s Space Cost Category Definitions located at http://www.nmt.edu/cost-accounting-office.
II. Who Will Participate in the Space Survey?

Department or research center personnel who are knowledgeable about room use aspects, such as occupants and activities carried out, will determine for each room the cost category that best describes the use of the space over the period of time defined by the survey. Any questions should be addressed to the Restricted Funds Department (RFD) Cost Accounting Office. For contact information, see http://www.nmt.edu/cost-accounting-office.
III. How Are Cost Categories Determined?

Coding should be determined on a room-by-room basis. Cost category codes must identify a room’s usage in terms that reflect all activities performed in the room. The space survey must reflect how each room was used during the entire fiscal year, or years, in question. The survey should not represent a snapshot of how the space was used at a particular point in time (e.g., the last day of the year).

The coding of a room must take into account all occupants of the room. The coding of space must be based on the activities the occupants undertake in the room and the budgets (expense funds) that pay for those activities.

For example, if faculty, staff, or students in a research lab are working on organized research projects and the compensation for all of their work in that lab is financed through funding for those projects (or is reported as cost sharing on the projects), then the space they use in the lab is coded as organized research (SR). The term “paid from a grant” includes both salaries paid directly and salaries reported as committed or mandatory cost share.

Note: Organized research includes all research and development activities of NMIMT that are separately budgeted and accounted for on a specific project basis and research cost sharing. See the NMIMT Space Cost Category Definitions document at http://www.nmt.edu/cost-accounting-office for more information.

Conversely, if an individual’s salary for work in the lab is wholly or partially paid from general institutional funds (and is not reported as cost sharing on an organized research project), this space must be coded as instruction/departmental research (IN), as applicable. Research lab space used by unpaid students, visiting scientists, and faculty emeriti must also be coded as instruction/departmental research (IN), as applicable.

If the individuals working in the lab are working on and financed by organized research projects as well as general institutional activities/funds, then the lab space should be coded and assigned to organized research (SR) and instruction/departmental research (IN). Space used jointly by more than one function (as determined by the users of the space) shall be allocated using institute-wide salaries and wages applicable to the benefiting major functions (OMB A-21 F2B(3)(b).
Space used for activities reported on a personnel activity report (PAR) as **committed** cost sharing (whether mandated or voluntary) on organized research projects must be coded as organized research (SR). Space used for the activities of faculty and senior researchers reported as voluntary **uncommitted** cost sharing (VUCS), or work in excess of contractual or proposed commitments, on organized research projects must also be coded as organized research (SR, regardless of how the cost sharing is reported in effort reports).

The federal government allows VUCS to be included for allocation purposes, but does not require it to be included in the organized research base (see the [RFD Cost Share Policy](#) or OMB Circular A-21 Clarification Memorandum 01-06 for more information). Because the federal government receives free work when faculty or senior researchers work in excess of their proposed commitments on a project, there is no reason to further penalize the university by disallowing the space’s cost recovery (numerator) to the benefiting function. Nor does the federal government require that VUCS inclusion be added in the form of a direct allocation to the organized research base (denominator). See the F&A Cost Category Manual at [http://www.nmt.edu/cost-accounting-office](http://www.nmt.edu/cost-accounting-office) for more information.
IV. What Documentation Must Be Maintained?

The new “buzz phrase” among industry-wide trainers, institute personnel, and auditors concerned with space surveys is, “Match space to base.” To accomplish this goal, maintain a log of how a space is used on no less than a monthly basis. Also keep a list of all grant and contract research that is performed in the space, according to FUND numbers. This will allow NMT to accurately allocate the use of space to the benefiting functions and recover the cost of space used for research. Matching space to base should be documented on a real-time basis.

The space survey documentation must identify all occupants of all research laboratories for whom any portion of work is coded as organized research (SR) or other sponsored activities (SO). Remember that organized research includes research cost sharing and internally funded institute research projects, which are separately budgeted and accounted for, and administered by Research and Economic Development (R&ED, e.g. the Geophysical Research Center).

For rooms coded for any reason as organized research (SR) or other sponsored activities (SO), the research projects (both sponsored and institute funded) that financed the salaries of the occupants of the room must be identified. If a portion of the salary-supporting work in a lab is considered cost sharing (as reported on faculty effort certification reports or PARs) or is considered VUCS, then an additional designation of cost share should be noted.

**Note:** If your space is audited by federal negotiators, the review will most likely take place a year or longer after you have coded the space. It is imperative that you document your space cost categories in a manner that allows you or someone else in your department to easily understand and explain the bases for those decisions.
V. Handling Specific Room Categories and Situations

A. Research Laboratories

The principal activity performed in research labs is usually organized research (SR). However, if some of the occupants in a research lab are either paid from general institutional funds (and are not reported as cost sharing on organized research projects) or are unpaid, the space used for that work (paid or unpaid) should be coded as instruction/departmental research (IN) because it was not separately budgeted and accounted for as university research.

Space used by faculty emeriti and visiting scientists not paid by the institute should be coded as other institutional activities (OA).

a. Student Work in Research Labs

Note: The handling of student work in research labs is particularly important.

Space used by students must be coded as organized research (SR) or other sponsored activity (SO), as applicable, if the students are:

- Paid by research grants/contracts,
- Supported by research training grants/fellowships that are considered organized research (SR) or other sponsored activity (SO), or
- Reported as cost sharing on research grants or contracts.

Space used by unpaid students and students paid from general institutional funds (and not reported as cost sharing on research grants or contracts) should be coded instruction/departmental research (IN). These classifications include students working in labs for academic credit as well as students using labs for non-research work such as course development or thesis writing.

If students paid from organized research funds perform non-research work in the lab, a portion of that space’s use should be coded as instruction/departmental research (IN), as applicable.

b. Space Coded Solely for Organized Research (SR) or Other Sponsored Activity (SO)

Federal negotiators pay particular attention to rooms coded solely as organized research (SR) or other sponsored activity (SO). A “yes” response to any of the following questions usually indicates that a room should not be coded solely as SR or SO:

- Are bridge funds, start-up funds, or any other variety of seed money used to fund the activities (including salaries and benefits of the occupants) taking place in the room?
• Is the room used by either unpaid students or students paid from general institutional funds? This includes students working in labs for academic credit, as well as students using the lab for non-research work such as course development or thesis writing.
• Is the room used either by visiting scientists who are not paid by the institute or by other non-institute individuals or faculty emeriti?
• Are there any other occupants who are not paid from organized research (SR) or other sponsored activity (SO) projects for their work in the lab (except where those non-sponsored project funds are considered cost sharing for a sponsored project)?
• Are there any non-research activities performed in the room?

B. Offices
Offices within academic departments should be coded as joint use (JT). The space will then be allocated on the basis of department-wide salaries and wages. The exception is the office of the department secretary, which should be coded as departmental administration (DA). Offices used by faculty emeriti or visiting scientists who are not paid by the institute should be coded as other institutional activities (OA).

C. Conference Rooms and Similar Multi-purpose Rooms
Conference rooms and similar multi-purpose rooms in academic departments, such as copy rooms, employee lounges, and departmental libraries, should be coded joint use (JT) and accompanied by a list of cost categories that describes the uses of the space.

D. Classrooms, Class Labs and Related Service Rooms
Classroom, class labs, and related service rooms should normally be coded as instruction/departmental research (IN).

In limited situations, open labs and computer labs may be used for organized research (SR) or other sponsored activities (SO). If you have a space jointly used in this fashion, do your best to indicate the type of use, as detailed under the “What Documentation Must Be Maintained?” section within this document. Call the Cost Accounting Office for assistance if clarification is needed.

E. Service Centers
The space for some service centers will be recovered in their service center rates and the space for others will be recovered through the F&A process. The deciding factor is usually determined by whether the space is used exclusively for the service center or if it is used for additional functions. If space recovery is included in service center rates, then the space should be coded as service center (RC). Unless you know for sure, you should contact the Cost Accounting Office assist you in making the appropriate determination.
F. Vacant Space

Space should be coded vacant (VA) only if it was vacant or under renovation for the full twelve months of the fiscal year being surveyed. If it was occupied for part of the fiscal year being surveyed, it should be coded to functions according to how it was used while occupied.
VI. Federal Red Flags and Risk Areas

The following situations are considered red flags or areas of higher risk by federal negotiators:

- Research labs are coded solely as organized research (SR), other sponsored research (OS), or service center (RC),
- “Cookie cutter” functionalization (e.g., every research lab in a department is cost category coded exactly the same),
- Cost category results are inconsistent when compared to funding sources supporting the work in a research lab,
- Cost category codes are inconsistent with room type designations, or
- Space classified as organized research (SR) space without any associated organized research funding sources or budgets.

Please review your cost category results closely to ensure you have taken these risk factors into consideration.
VII. Training Schedule

To assist you with this key data accumulation process, the RFD Cost Accounting Office is offering a series of training classes. The dates will be scheduled through the Human Resources Department.
VIII. References
